



**ENERGY FOR LIFE** 



# CITY OF BOLOGNA

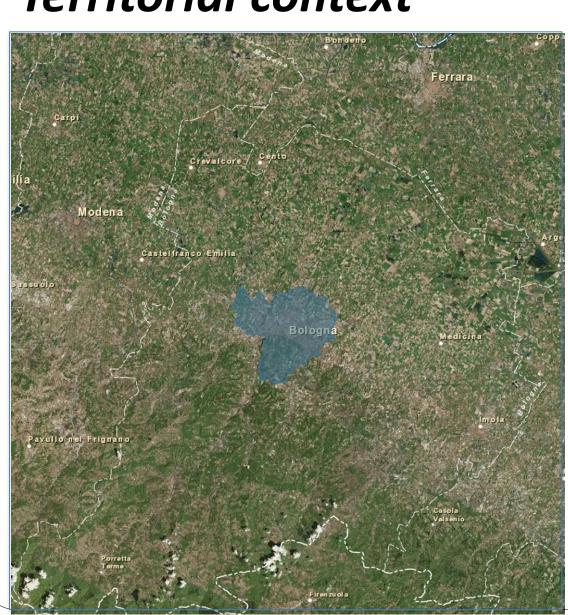
# Authors: PhD student Elisa Bottan<sup>1</sup>, Prof Valentina Orioli<sup>2</sup>

- Department of Architecture, University of Bologna, elisa.bottan2@unibo.it
- Department of Architecture, University of Bologna, valentina.orioli@unibo.it



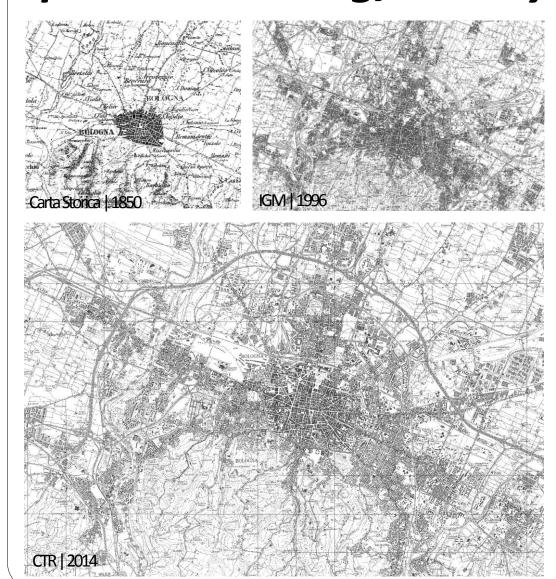
Bologna becomes «City of Allotments».

#### Territorial context



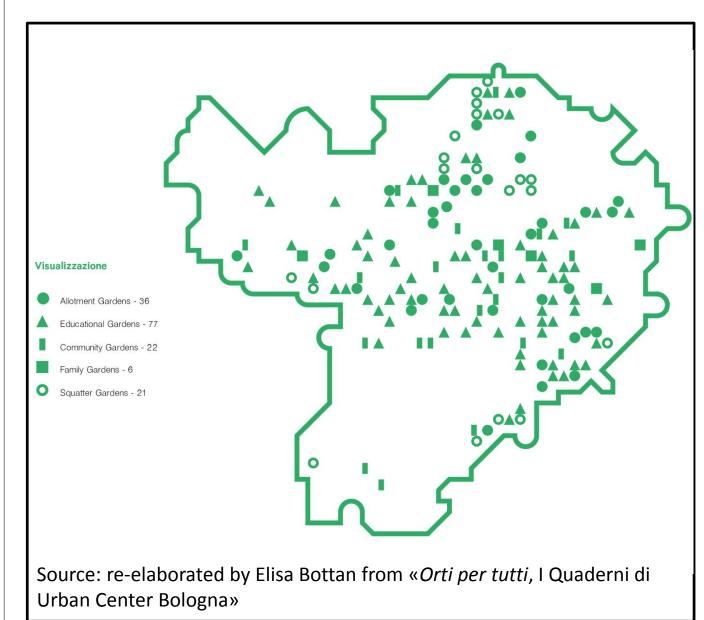
**Population:** 386 298 (2015) inhabitants **Surface:** 140,86 km<sup>2</sup> **Utilized agricultural area:** 266 ha

## Spatial Planning/history phenomenon



Levels Regional	Provincial	Municipalities
1960		
<b>1970</b> First Regional Planning Act (L 47/1978)	R.	The Urban Development Plan (PRG, 1970) protects the hills of Bologna from building speculation
1980		The Urban Development Plan (PRG, 1985) restricts the urban sprawl in rural zones and enhances urban renewal
		The Municipality approves the program of social allotment gardens reserved for old people, with the aims of creating opportunity for interaction and promoting healthy activity in freetime.
1990 Second Regional Planning Act 6/1995)	: (L. R.	
2000 The Regional Planning Act (L.I 20/2000) defines a new plan system in three levels (Region provincial, municipal). It also different types of rural zones.	ning «Guidelines for the gover nal, transformations in rural a recognizes included in the Provincial	ment of the The Structural Plan (PSC) defines boundaries reas», and rules for the rural areas.

#### **Urban Agriculture Types**



Farming level **Local food farms**: Quantitative: 225 local food farms, 19 DOC or IGP production, 15 farmers' markets, 4 GAS Qualitative: consolidated

Leisure farms:

Quantitative: 1 equestrian centers, 8 agrotourism Qualitative: stable

**Agri-environmental farms:** 

Quantitative: 12 Companies that own equipment producing renewable energy Qualitative: expanding

**Social farms:** Quantitative: 2 didactic farms, 77 school vegetable gardens

Gardening level **Allotment gardens** 

Qualitative: expanding

Quantitative: 20 municipal allotments gardens (2711 lots), 65 other types of allotments gardens (13 ha) Qualitative: expanding

**Community gardens** *Quantitative*: 6 community gardens Qualitative: expanding

Urban agriculture is a major reality in the city of Bologna.

The first cases of urban agriculture in the city date back to the 80s; the first experiences gradually spread across the municipal territory and constituted the basis for the creation of a network.

Nowadays urban agriculture in Bologna is represented mostly by public allotment gardens, with more than 2,700 plots, and by educational gardens.

Municipality has a strong role of promotion, as demonstrated by the recent architectural contest «Orti per tutti», that was an important occasion for improving a public debate about agriculture and its role in the city.

#### Orti comunali

<u>Types</u>: Allotment gardens Year: 1980 (someone even after WW2) <u>ha</u>: 160,780 mq divided in 20 areas in many quartiers **Promoter**: Municipality of Bologna Actors: 2652 citizens Functions: social,

recreational and environmental



100x100 CAAB Types: Allotment gardens Year: 2013 ha: 1,000 mq **Promoter:** CAAB (Agriculture and Food Centre of Bologna), University of Bologna, AUSL Bologna (local health-service corporation) Actors: 100 young people and family Functions: social, recreational and environmental



Orti per tutti Types: Allotment gardens <u>Year</u>: 2014 (contest), 2015 (underway) ha: Giardino via Pinardi (20,370 mq); Parco via Larga (20,331 mq); Giardino Impastato (7,179 mq) **Promoter**: Municipality of Bologna, "Villa Ghigi Foundation" Actors: Architects, agronomist and designers involved in the project teams <u>Functions</u>: social, cultural and environmental



intra-urban



## GreenHousing

**Types**: Community gardens <u>Year</u>: 2011 ha: vegetables and aromatic plants by an hydroponic system on the roof of a social housing building **Promoter**: Municipality of Bologna, "Horticity" ass., "BiodiverCity" ass., University of Bologna, Acer (Emilia Romagna Housing Agency), Emilia Romagna Region Actors: inhabitants Functions: social, environmental and



#### Parco città-campagna Types: Local food + Farms

<u>Year</u>: 2013 ha: 60 ha of cultivated land Promoter: Emilia Romagna Region, Province of Bologna, Municipality of Anzola dell'Emilia, Bologna, Casalecchio di Reno, Crespellano, Zola Pedrosa, "Villa Ghigi Foundation" Actors: citizens, members of "Arvaia" association Functions: cultural, environmental and recreational



#### Arvaia coop Km 0 <u>Types</u>: Local food + Farms

<u>Year</u>: 2013 ha: many plots cultivated by company members Promoter: "Arvaia" (a cooperative company of citizens, cultivators) Actors: company members Functions: cultural, educational, social, environmental and recreational



#### Orto dei Giusti

Types: Social farms <u>Year</u>: 2009 ha: 10 ha in Bologna's hills **Promoter:** private (Syusy Blady – Italian TV celeb) Actors: every person or group who want to make experience of farming in a green and cultural location Functions: cultural, social, environmental and recreational



### F.I.CO.

Types: Cultural heritage farms Year: project (the park will open in the Autumn of 2015 <u>ha</u>: 80,000 mq in the CAAB <u>Promoter</u>: CAAB (Agriculture

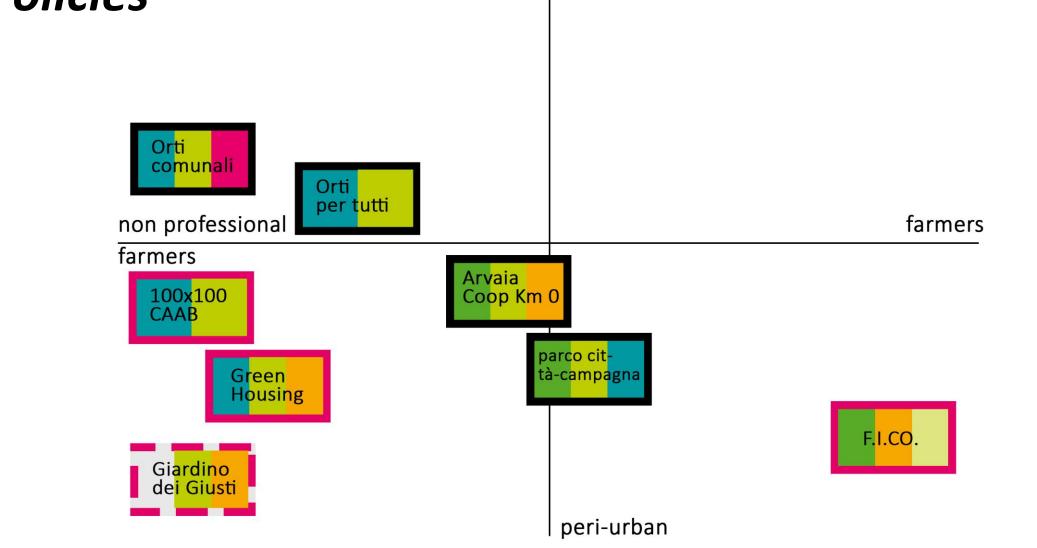
and Food Centre of Bologna), Eataly, Coop Adriatica Actors: visitors, farmers and artisans

Functions: cultural, educational, social and

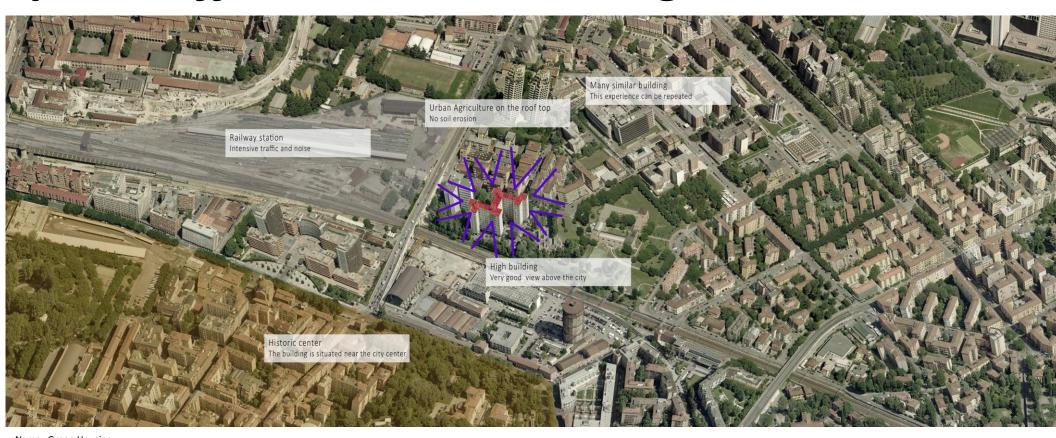
recreational

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## Spatial effects - GreenHousing



Situation: Bologna (Italy Climate zone (IPCC, 2006): cold wet winter, hot summer (Continental) Type WG1 Vertical gardens/Roof top gardens Planning / land use classification: Social Housing Building Products: vegetables and aromatic plants Activities Cultivation by an hydroponic syster Market: People living in the building cultivate and consume the products

Situation: Bologna (Italy)

Type WG1 Cultural heritage

Planning / land use classification: Urban regeneration

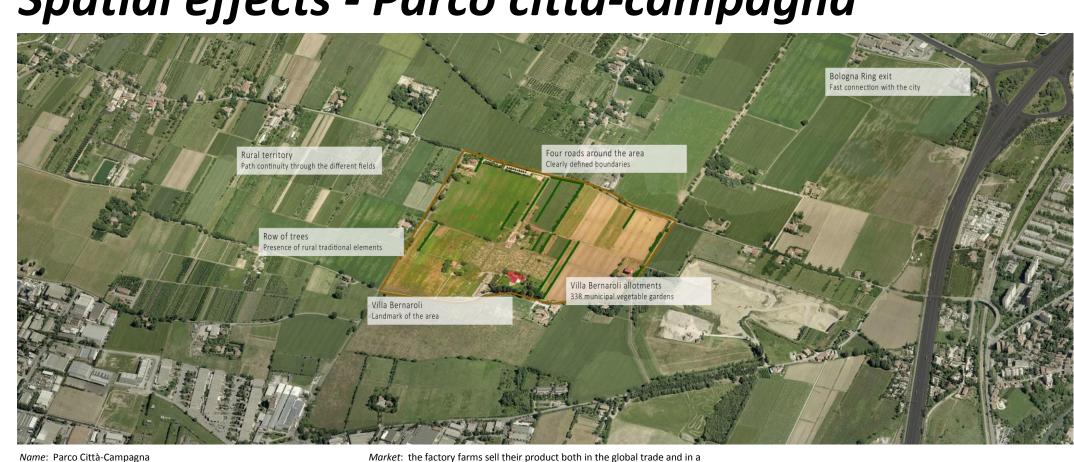
Products / Activities: The park will reproduce some different agriculture food citizens and tourists

Pattern: concentrated

Cultural value / services: Create integration among different cultures and ironmental value / services: No soil erosion Social value / services: The inhabitants have been involved in a "social mediation process" with an integration purpose Recreational value: People living in the block socialize with their neighbour



# Spatial effects - Parco città-campagna









### Spatial effects - F.I.CO.



Distance / Connections to city center: 5,8 km to Piazza Maggiore Market: F.I.CO will sell its own products together with the best Italian food Recreational value: F.I.CO will attract a lot of tourists. It will become also a Location / Address: Ex CAAB (Agriculture and Food Centre of Bologna) area, products (Eataly philosophy) thematic park where people will spend their spare time Actors involved: visitors, farmers and artisans Climate zone (IPCC, 2006): cold wet winter, hot summer (Continental) Cultural value / services: Promote Italian agriculture heritage and traditions to Environmental value / services: Reuse of the CAAB settlement (that is a great abandoned market and industrial area)







Situation: Bologna (Italy)

Pattern: concentrated

Location / Address: Via Olmetola

Type WG1 Local food + Farms

act (law n°20, 24/03/2000)

Implementation / history: 2013

Products: Vegetables, fruit, flowers, .

Activities Cultivation by innovative and biological systems

Distance / Connections to city center: 7 km to Piazza Maggiore

Climate zone (IPCC, 2006): cold wet winter, hot summer (Continental)





Implementation / history: project (the park will open in the Autumn of 2015 Social value / services: The park will become a big relationship place for

chains, and visitors will experiment them, from cultivation to food production Educational value: Tourists will be involved in the agrarian process and they